

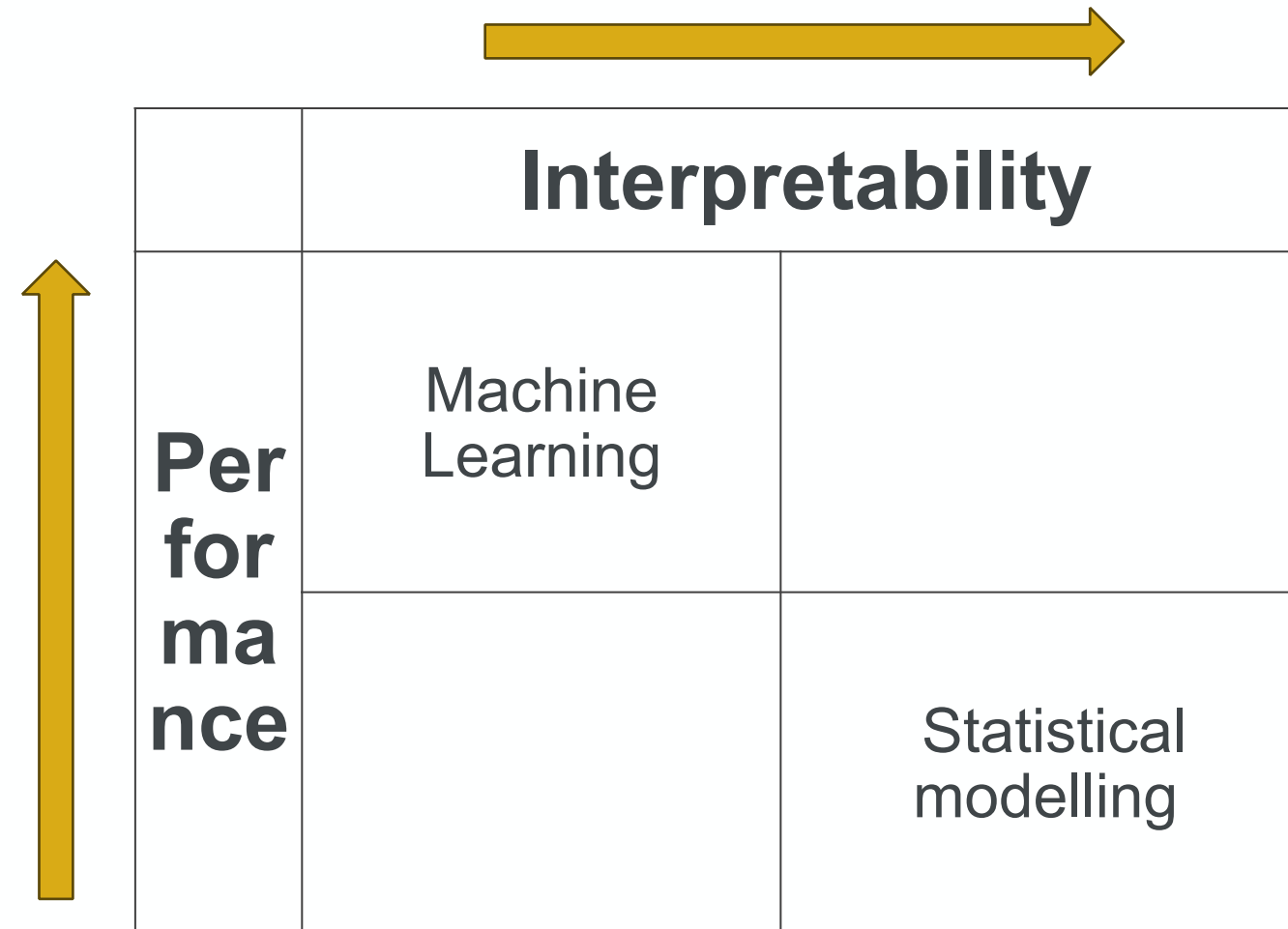
Glassbox Models:

Closing the Gap Between Transparency and Performance

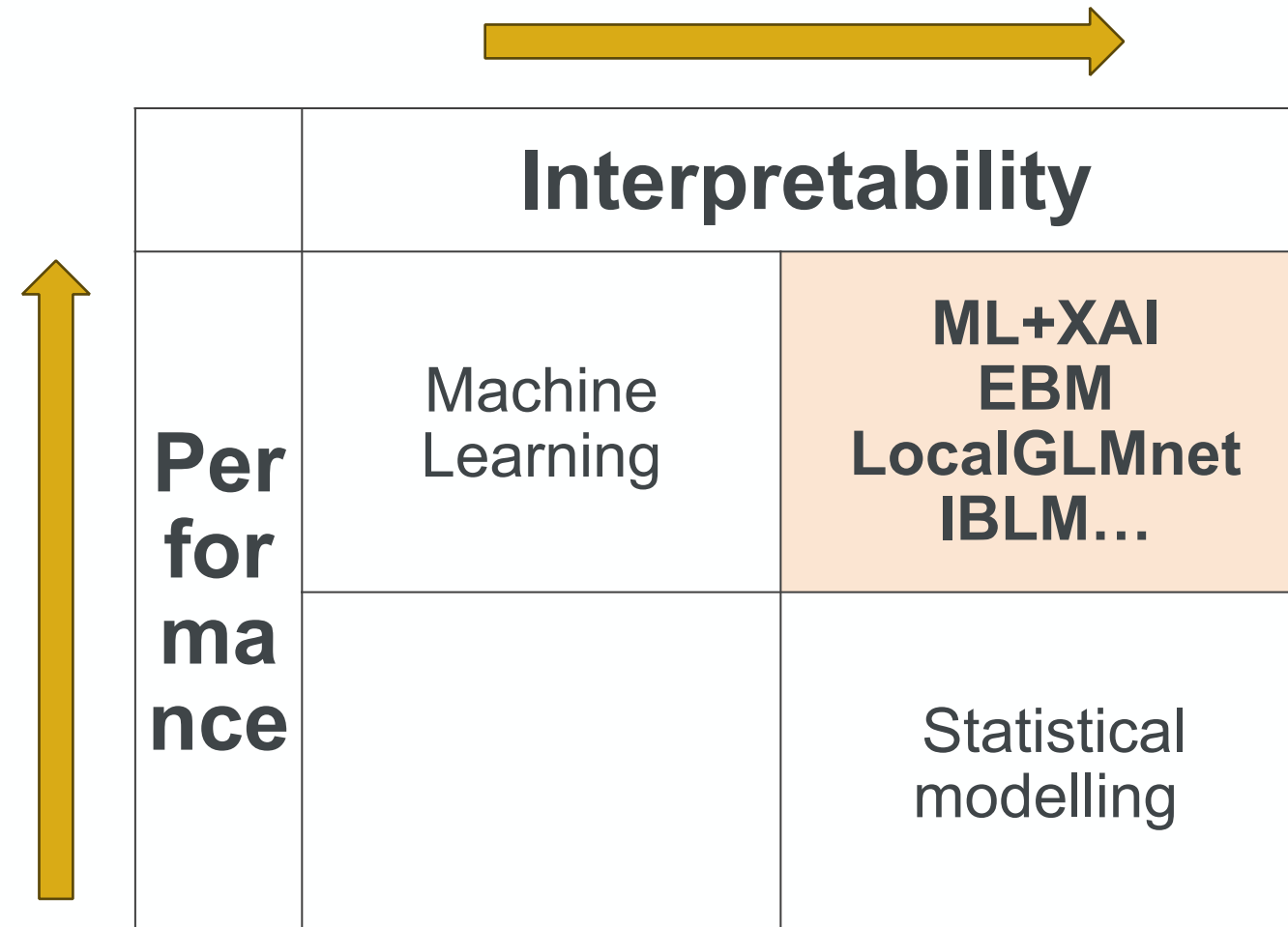
Karol Gawlowski, William Flaherty



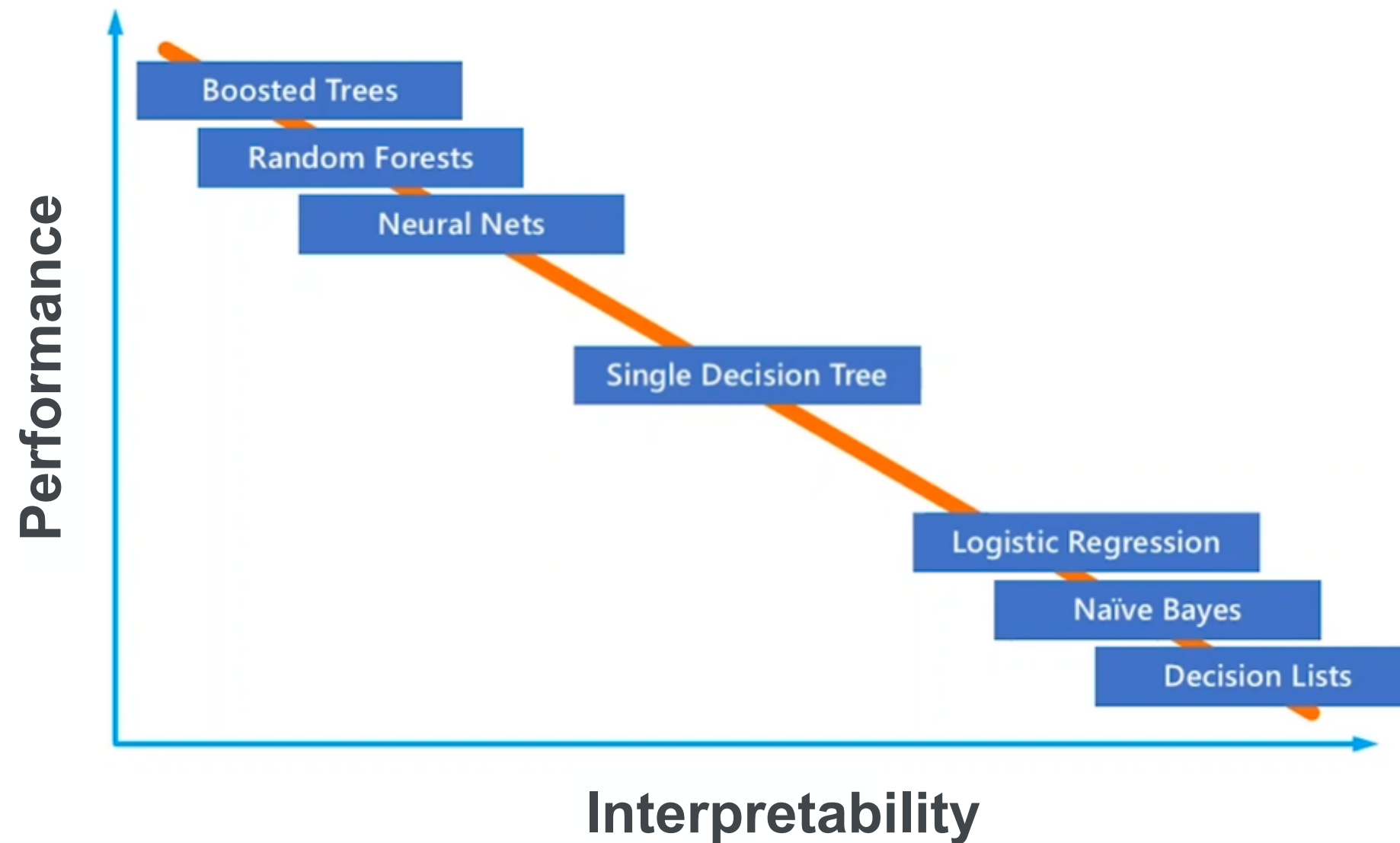
The tradeoff in predictive modelling



Performance vs Interpretability



Performance vs Interpretability



Model Performance Benchmark

CV	GLM	GLM*	GAM	LocalGLMnet	EBM	IBLM	XGB
CV_1	3.80%	8.10%	4.10%	9.90%	11.00%	12.10%	12.00%
CV_2	3.20%	7.00%	3.80%	9.60%	10.10%	11.40%	11.70%
CV_3	4.00%	8.10%	4.20%	10.60%	11.40%	12.70%	13.00%
CV_4	3.60%	7.90%	4.00%	10.70%	11.10%	12.40%	12.50%
CV_5	3.40%	7.60%	3.90%	9.40%	9.90%	11.30%	11.60%
Overall	3.6%	7.8%	4.0%	10.0%	10.7%	12.0%	12.2%

Poisson Deviance: $D^2 = 1 - \frac{D_m}{D_0}$



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CV_5	3.40%	7.60%	3.90%	9.40%	9.90%	11.30%	11.60%
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$$\text{Poisson Deviance: } D^2 = 1 - \frac{D_m}{D_0}$$



XGB + SHAP



SHAP

Additive Explanations

Baseline Prediction

$$\hat{y} = \alpha_0 + \sum$$

Model output

SHAP

Additive Explanations

Baseline Prediction

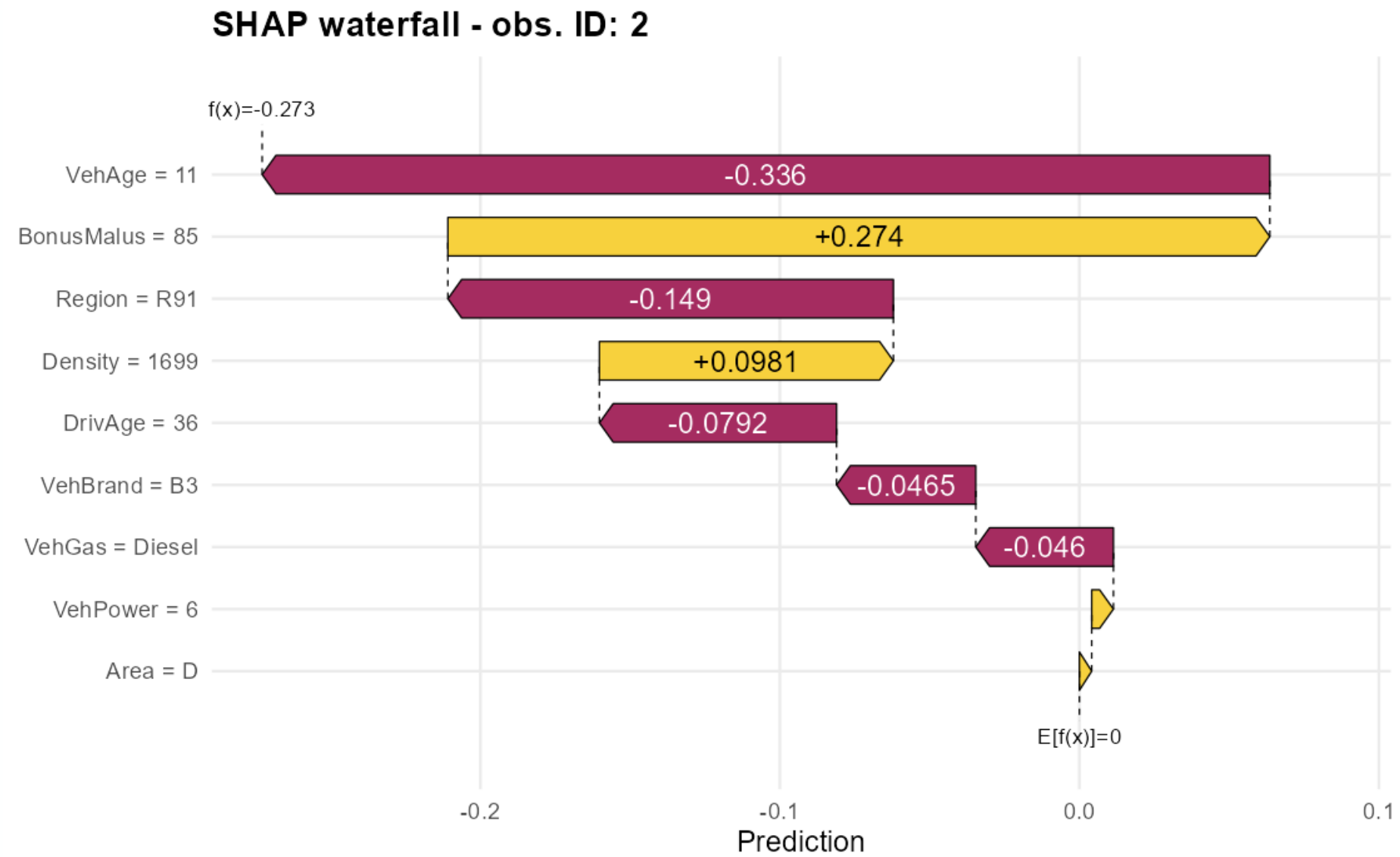
$$\hat{y} = \alpha_0 + \sum_d \alpha_i$$

Model output

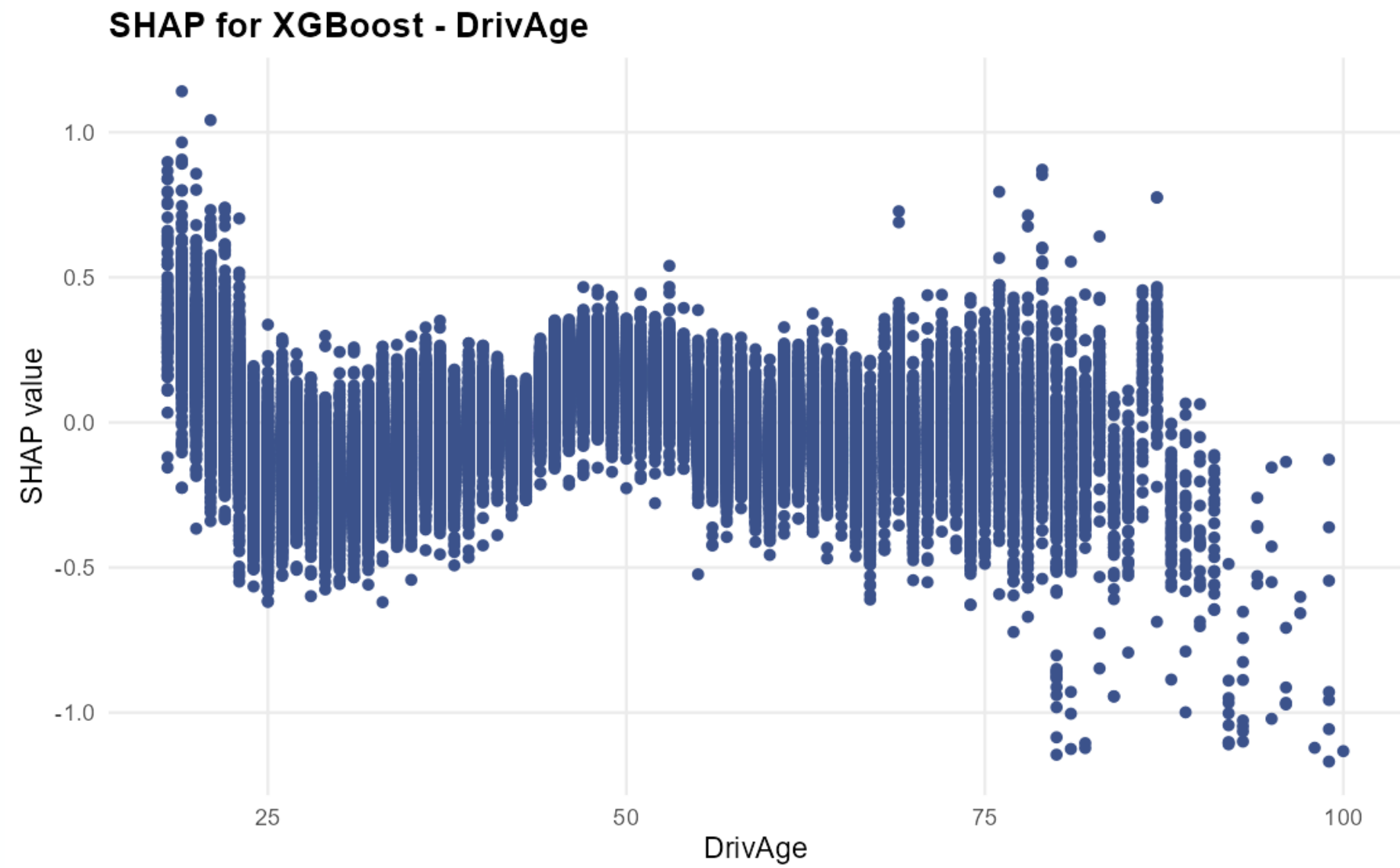
Contribution of i-th predictor



SHAP



SHAP



Interpretable Boosted Linear Model (IBLM)

IBLM – ensembling GLM with XGB

$$y_{glm} \times y_{xgb} = \exp \left(\lambda + \sum (\beta_i + \alpha_i) x_i \right)$$

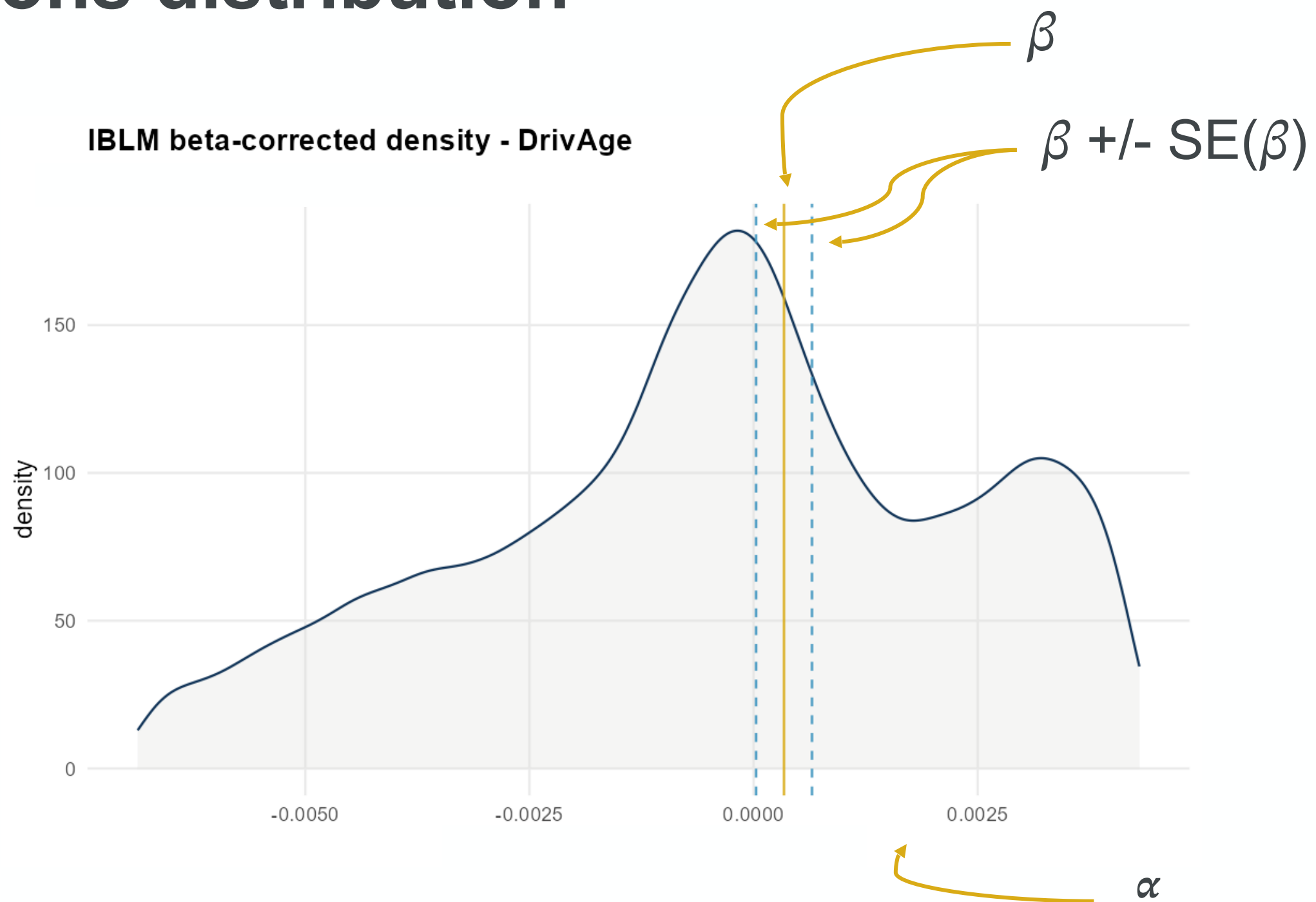
Intercept

SHAP – β correction

GLM β

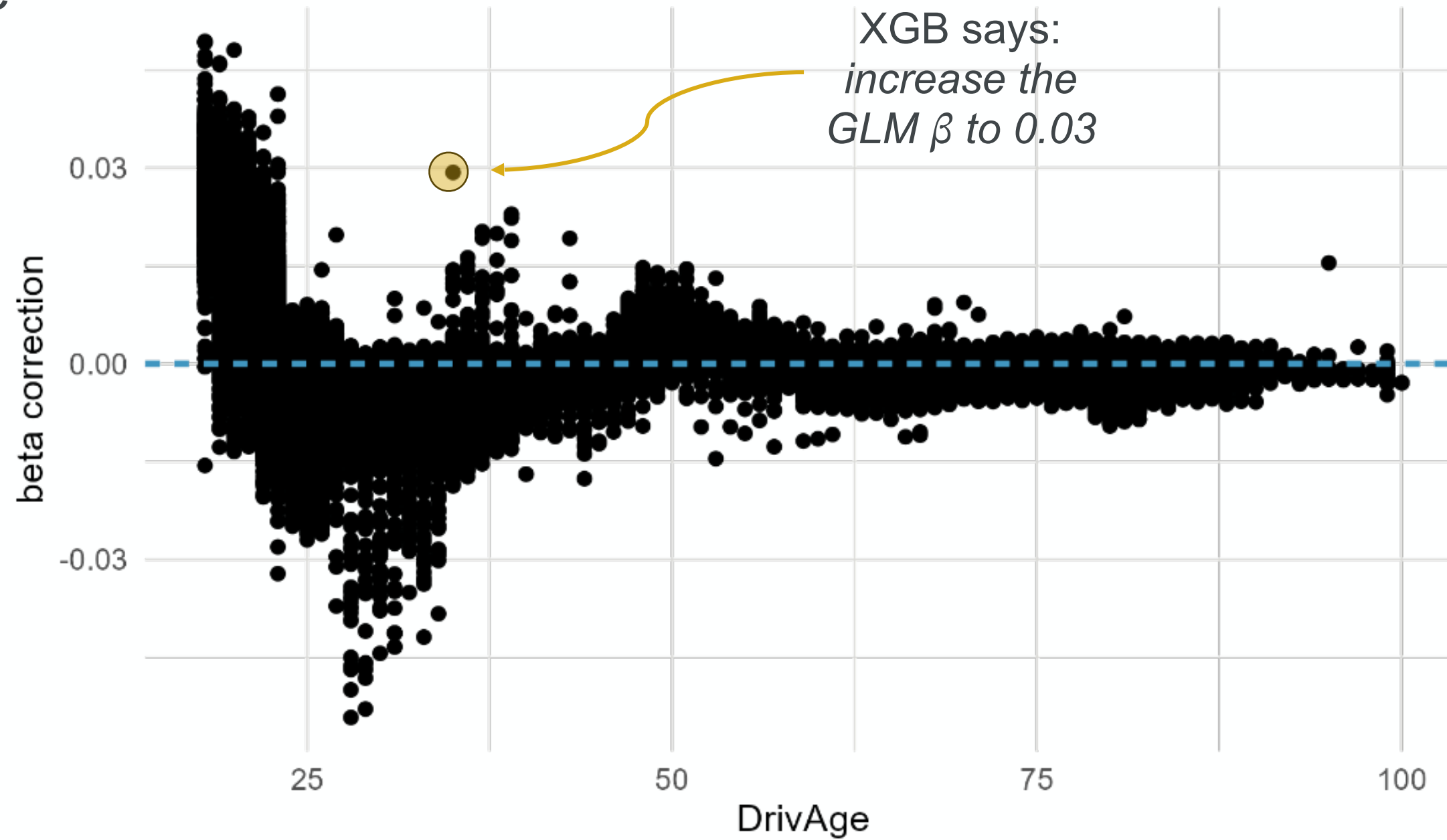
β corrections distribution

Driver Age



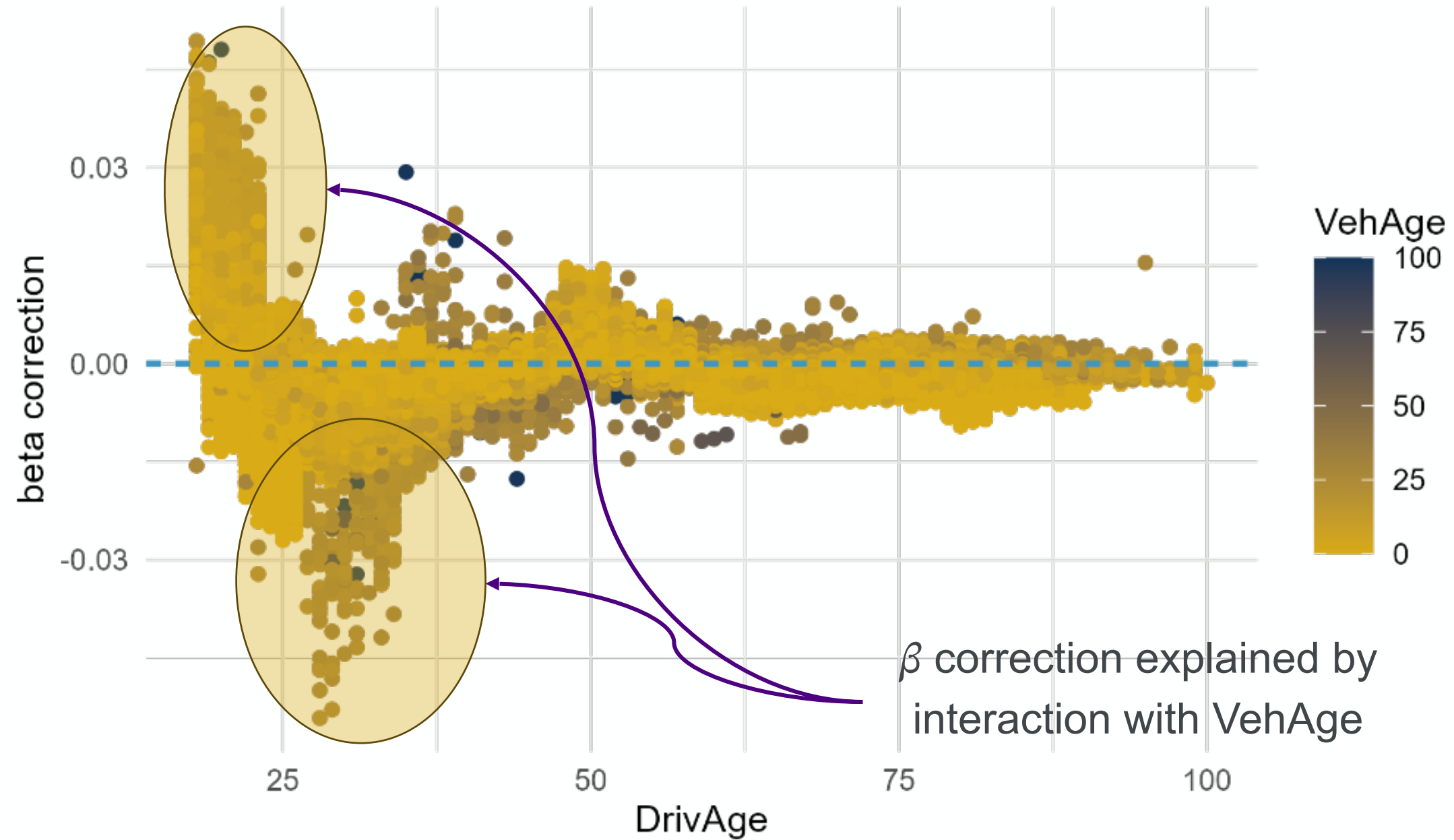
β corrections scatter

Driver Age



β corrections scatter

Driver Age



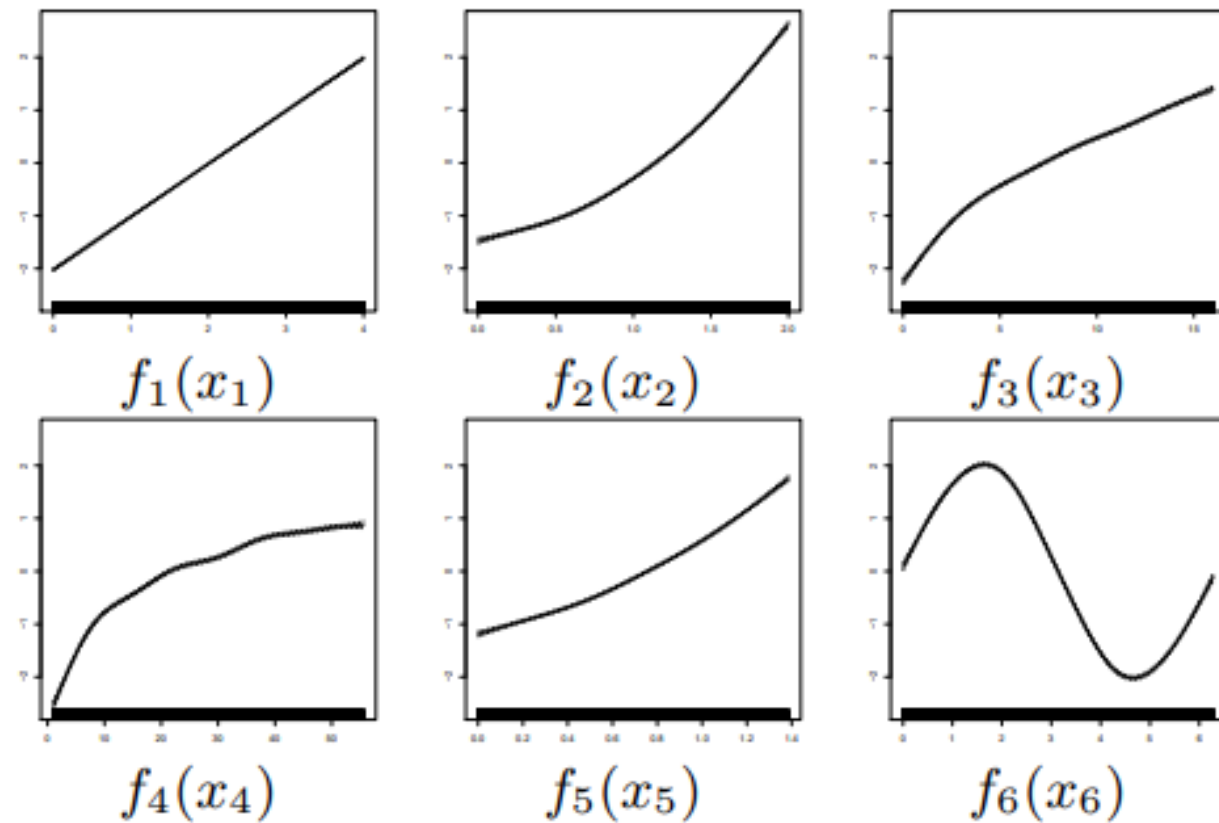
Explainable Boosting Machine (EBM)

Explainable Boosting Machine

$$g(\mathbb{E}[Y_i | \mathbf{X}_i = \mathbf{x}_i]) = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^p f_j(x_{i,j}) + \sum_{j_1=1}^p \sum_{j_2 \neq j_1}^p f_{(j_1, j_2)}(x_{i, j_1}, x_{i, j_2})$$

Explainable Boosting Machine

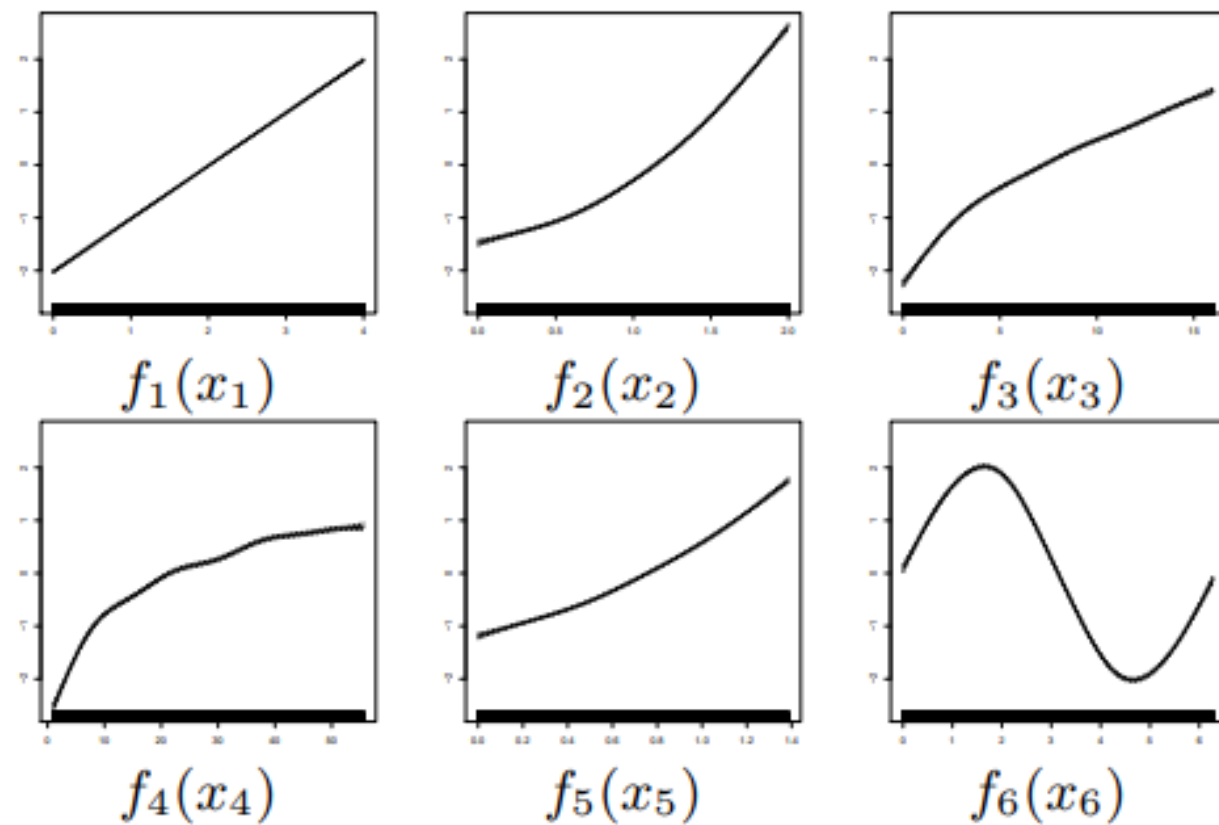
GAMs: smooth shape functions



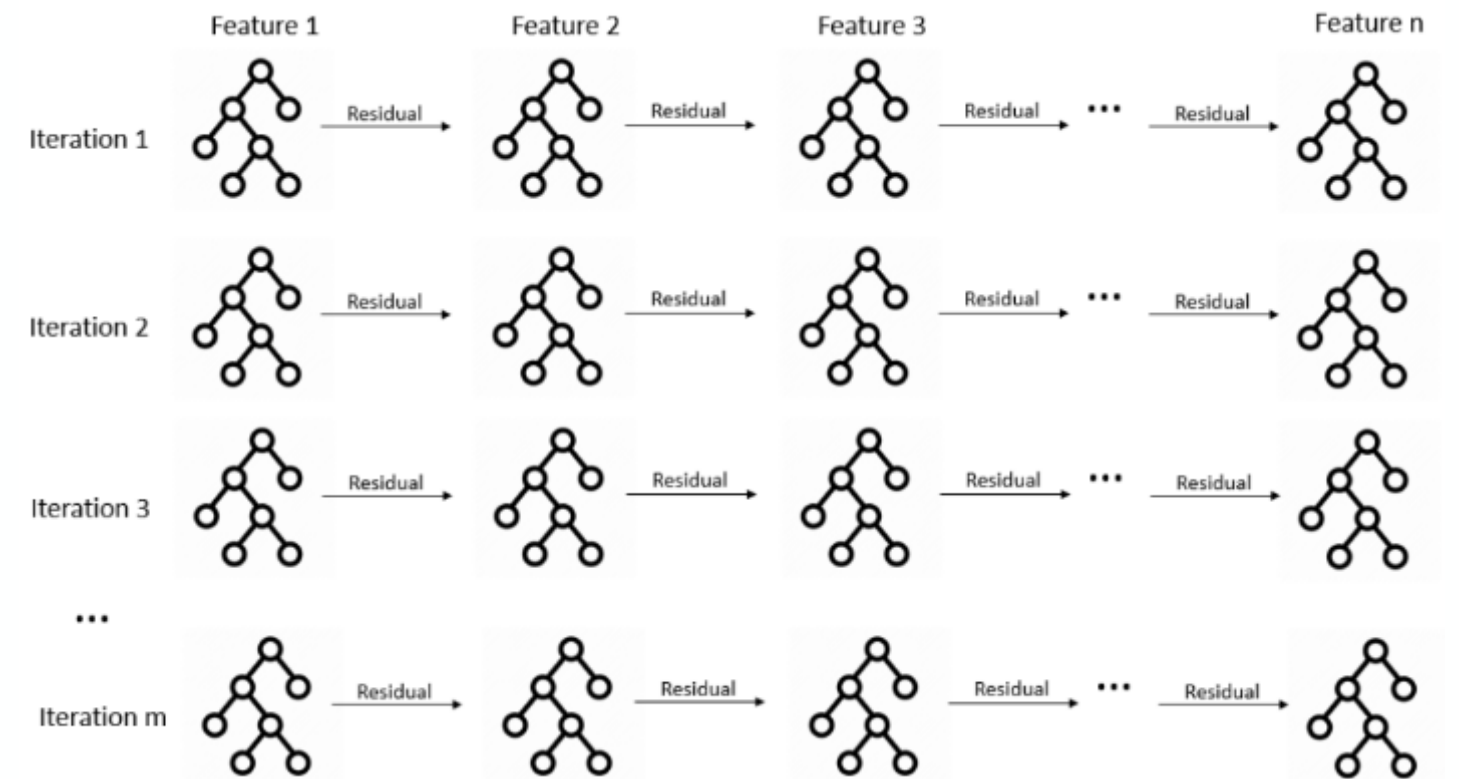
Sources: Lin Y. et al.: *Intelligible Models for Classification and Regression*
InterpretML: Another Way to Explain Your Model, Towards Data Science

Explainable Boosting Machine

GAMs: smooth shape functions



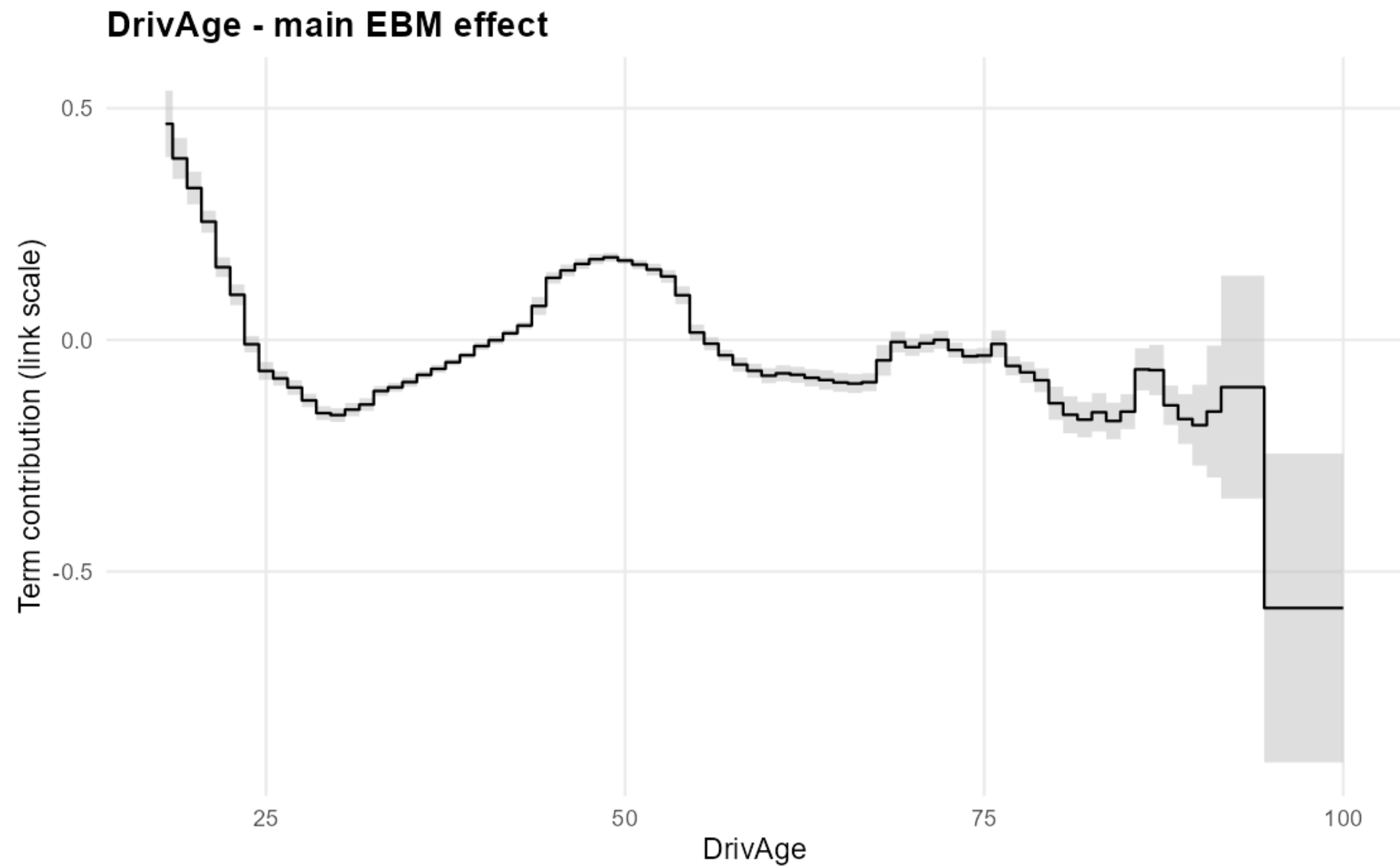
EBM: Tree-based shape functions



Sources: Lin Y. et al.: *Intelligible Models for Classification and Regression*
InterpretML: Another Way to Explain Your Model, Towards Data Science



Explainable Boosting Machine



LocalGLMnet



LocalGLMnet

Key Features:

- GLM structure - retains the linear predictor structure of a GLM, preserving interpretability by design
- Feature dependent coefficients - regression parameters are functions of the input, not fixed constants, allowing for interaction effects

The LocalGLMnet is defined by the function

$$x \mapsto \beta_0 + \langle \beta(x), x \rangle$$

Where β are the attention weights of the model.



Institute
and Faculty
of Actuaries

Thank you